

FACT SHEET

Mine Ban Treaty Transparency Reporting (Article 7)

Annual Transparency Reports

34% of States Parties have submitted annual reports for calendar year 2019.

This represents an **all-time low** in compliance with the transparency obligations of the Mine Ban Treaty.

109 States Parties have not submitted a report for calendar year 2019:

Afghanistan	Kenya
Albania	Kiribati
Andorra	Kuwait
Antigua and Barbuda	Lesotho
Australia	Liberia
Austria	Madagascar
Bahamas	Malawi
Bangladesh	Malaysia
Barbados	Maldives
Belarus	Mali
Belize	Malta
Benin	Mauritania
Bhutan	Monaco
Bolivia	Mozambique
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Namibia
Botswana	Nauru
Bulgaria	New Zealand
Burkina Faso	Nicaragua
Burundi	Nigeria
Cameroon	Niger
Canada	Niue
Cape Verde	North Macedonia
Central African Republic	Palau
Chad	Panama
Comoros	Papua New Guinea
Congo	Paraguay
Cook Islands	Qatar
Costa Rica	Rep. of Moldova
Cote d'Ivoire	Rwanda
Cyprus	Saint Kitts and Nevis
DR Congo	Saint Lucia
Denmark	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
Djibouti	Samoa
Dominican Republic	San Marino
Dominica	Sao Tome and Principe
Ecuador	Senegal
El Salvador	Seychelles
Equatorial Guinea	Sierra Leone
Eritrea	Somalia
Eswatini	Solomon Islands
Fiji	South Africa
France	Sri Lanka
Gabon	State of Palestine
Ghana	Suriname
Grenada	Tanzania
Guatemala	Timor-Leste
Guinea	Togo
Guinea-Bissau	Trinidad and Tobago
Guyana	Turkmenistan
Haiti	Tuvalu
Honduras	Uganda
Iceland	Vanuatu
Indonesia	Venezuela
Italy	Zambia
Jamaica	

Reporting since Third Review Conference

60 States Parties have failed to submit an annual transparency report since the Third Review Conference in 2014 (**indicated in bold**).

Article 7 Reporting Obligations

Article 7 of the Mine Ban Treaty requires that each State Party “report to the Secretary-General of the United Nations as soon as practicable, and in any event not later than 180 after the entry into force of this Convention for that State Party” regarding steps taken to implement the treaty. Thereafter, States Parties are obligated to report annually, by 30 April, on the preceding calendar year.

Initial Transparency Reports

Tuvalu remains the only State Party that has not submitted an initial transparency report (originally due 28 August 2012).

Oslo Action Plan

The Oslo Action Plan calls upon States Parties to “Provide quality information on progress and challenges in implementing the Convention, including on cooperation and assistance, by 30 April each year in line with Article 7, employing the Guide to Reporting, and during formal and informal meetings.”

Voluntary Reporting

Morocco is the only non-signatory to have submitted a voluntary transparency report in 2020. Non-signatories Azerbaijan, Lao PDR, Mongolia, and Western Sahara have previously submitted voluntary reports, as did Cameroon, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, and Sri Lanka prior to acceding to the Convention.

Clearance Obligations

13

States Parties that have not submitted a transparency report for calendar year 2019 have outstanding Article 5 clearance obligations:

Afghanistan	Ecuador	Senegal
BiH	Eritrea	Somalia
Chad	Niger	Sri Lanka
Cyprus	Nigeria	
DR Congo	Palestine	

Decreasing Compliance

The Monitor has seen a marked decrease in compliance with the Article 7 reporting requirement since the First Review Conference in 2004 (91%). The compliance rate averaged 66% in 2005-2009, 57% from 2010-2014, and 49% from 2015-2019. Just 34% of States Parties have submitted an annual transparency report in 2020.

Reporting Rate for the Previous Calendar Year

